## The edge Folkman number $F_{e}(3,3 ; 4)$ is greater than 19

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We denote by $\mathcal{H}_{e}(3,3 ; q)$ the set of graphs which have the property that in every coloring of their edges in two colors there is a monochromatic triangle and they do not contain a complete subgraph on $q$ vertices $K_{q}$. The minimum number of vertices of graphs in $\mathcal{H}_{e}(3,3 ; q)$ is denoted by $F_{e}(3,3 ; q)$ and it is called an edge Folkman number. Folkman proved in [1] that $F_{e}(3,3 ; q)$ exists if and only if $q \geq 4$. It is well known that $F_{e}(3,3 ; q)=6$ if $q \geq 7$. We also know that $F_{e}(3,3 ; 6)=8$ [2] and that $F_{e}(3,3 ; 5)=15$. The upper bound $F_{e}(3,3 ; 5) \leq 15$ is proved in [4] and the lower bound is obtained in [5] with the help of computer. The exact value of the number $F_{e}(3,3 ; 4)$ is not known. For now we know that this number is between 19 and 786, [6] and [3]. By improving the algorithms used in [6] we obtain the new bound $F_{e}(3,3 ; 4) \geq 20$.

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